

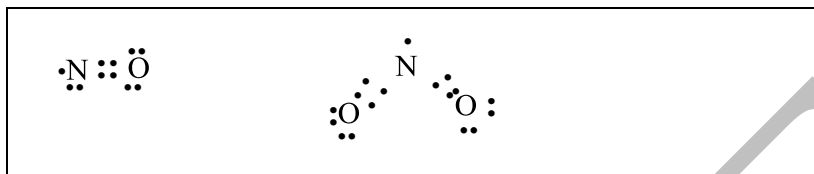
## Tentative Solutions

## Problem 1

17 marks

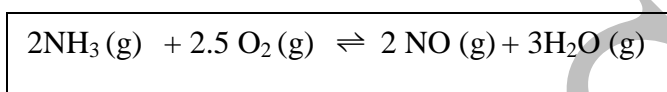
## Oxides of nitrogen

1.1



(1 mark)

1.2



(0.5 mark)

1.3 i)

600 k moles of  $\text{N}_2$ 

(1 mark)

ii)

ammonia = 3.4%, water = 12.10%

(2 marks)

1.4

$$\Delta G^\circ = 173.37 \text{ kJ}$$

(1.5 marks)

1.5

15.45 % will decompose.

(2 marks)

1.6

$$T = 315.93 \text{ K}$$

(2.5 marks)

1.7

$$\alpha = 0.39 \text{ and } M_{\text{av}} = 66.19$$

(4 marks)

1.8

$$\text{pH} = 2.38$$

(2.5 marks)

## Problem 2

14 marks

## Acid Base chemistry

A.

2.1 a) 

(1 mark)

b) 

(1 mark)

2.2 a) 

(1.5 marks)

b) 

(2 marks)

2.3 

(2 marks)

B.

2.4 

(2 marks)

C.

2.5 

(1.5 marks)

D.

2.6 Answer the following questions using the given figure.

a) b) c) 

(3 marks)

Problem 3

26 marks

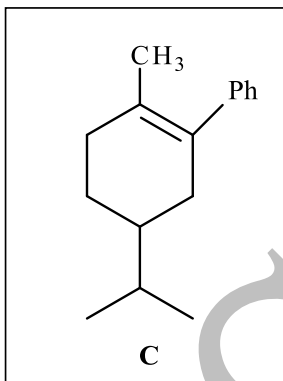
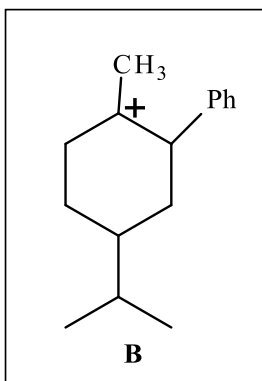
Organic Reaction Intermediates

3.1

III > I > II
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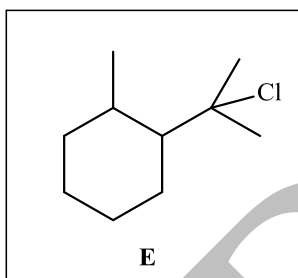
(1 mark)

3.2



(2 marks)

3.3



(1 mark)

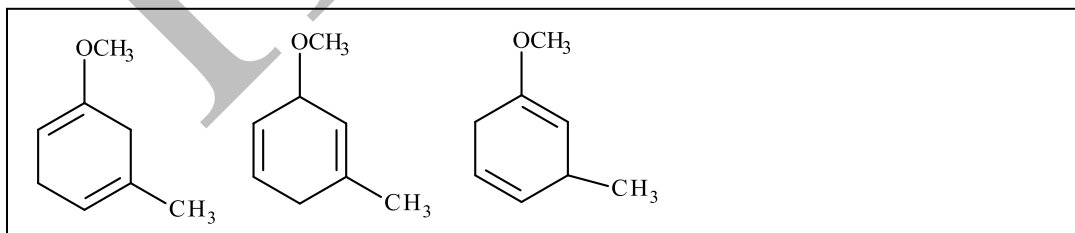
3.4

i)	3,7
ii)	1,4
iii)	2,5

iv)	6
v)	8 and 5
vi)	5

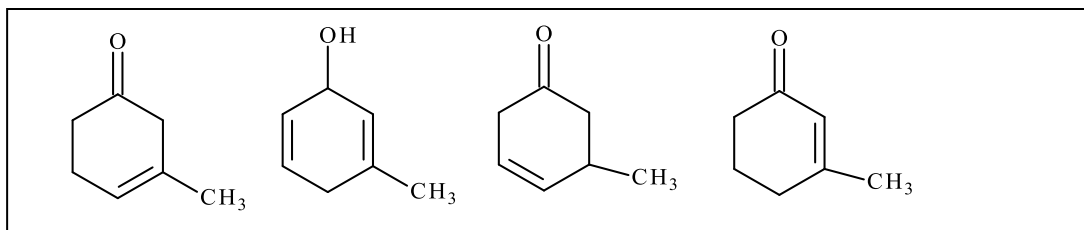
(5 marks)

3.5



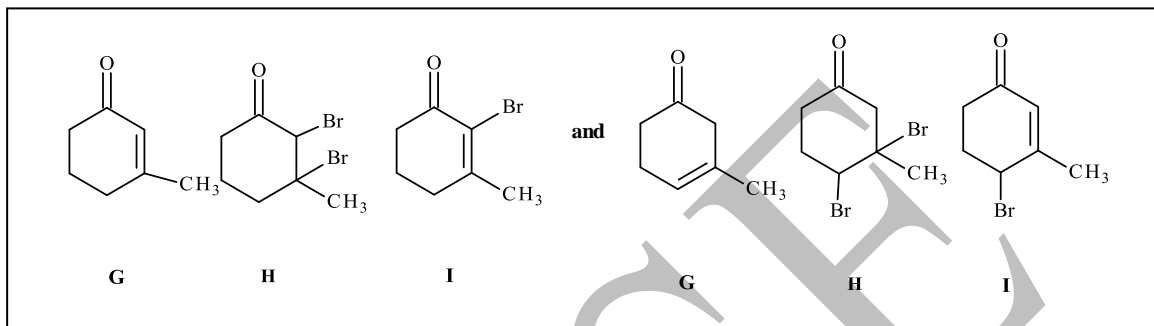
(1.5 marks)

3.6



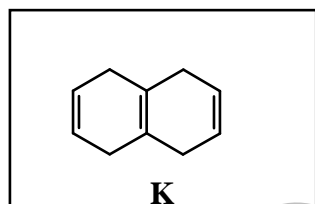
(2.5 marks)

3.7

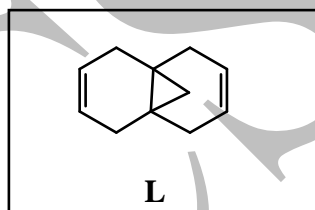


(2 marks)

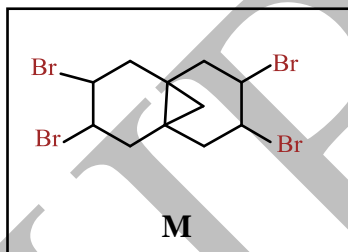
3.9



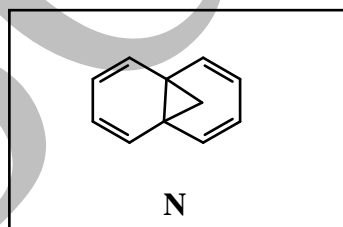
K



L



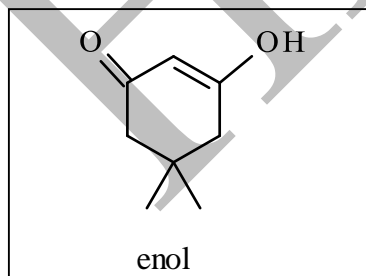
M



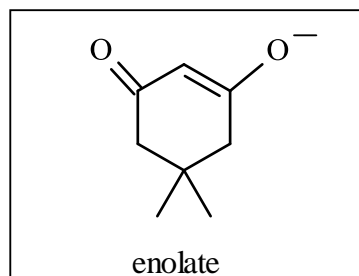
N

(4.5 marks)

3.10 i)

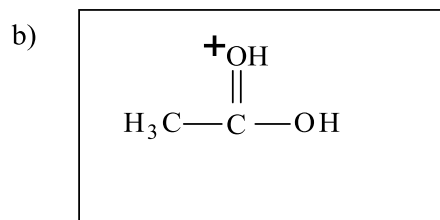
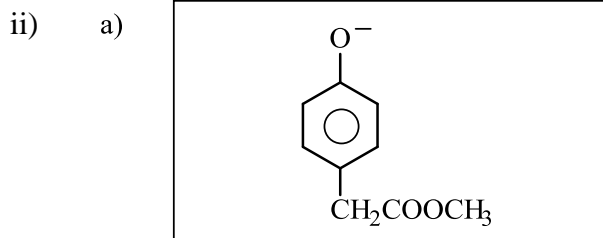


enol



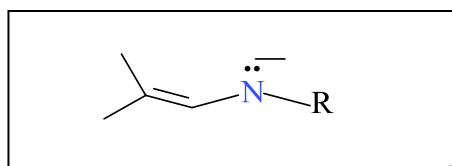
enolate

(1 mark)



(1 mark)

3.11



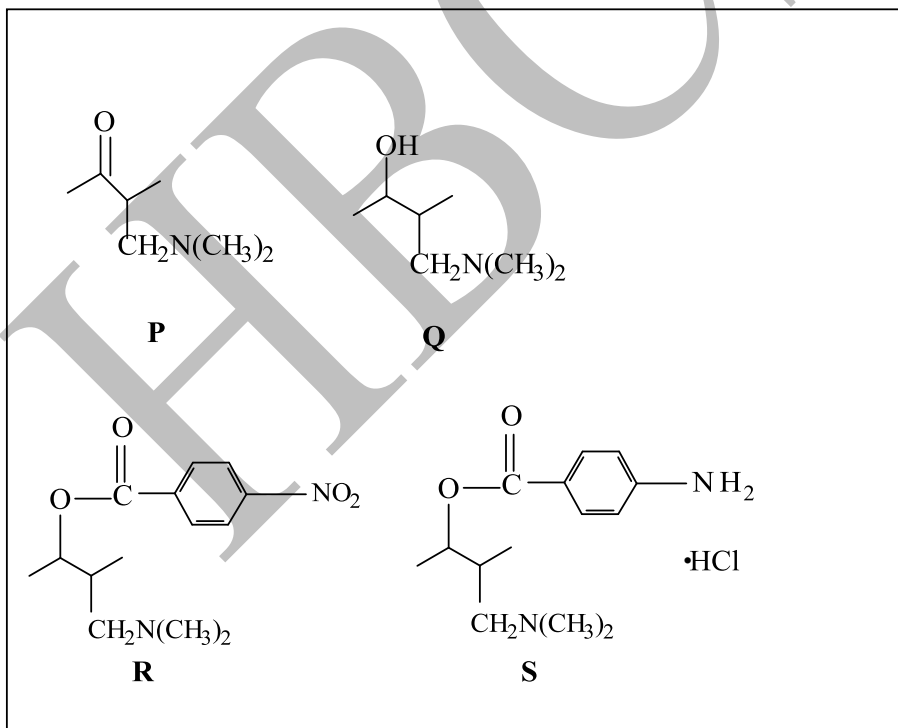
(1 mark)

3.12 iii) An aldehyde and a primary amine

X

(1 mark)

3.13

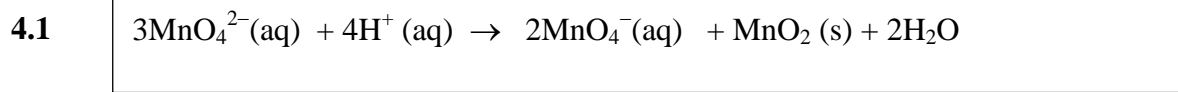


(2.5 marks)

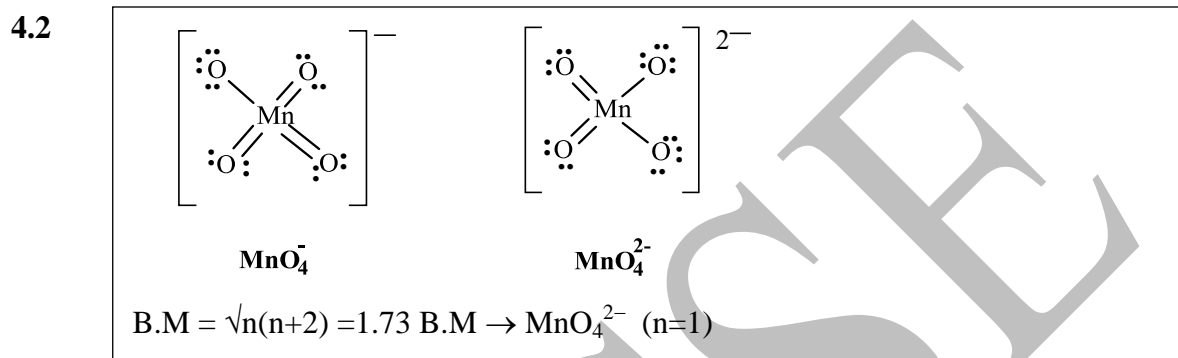
Problem 4

24 marks

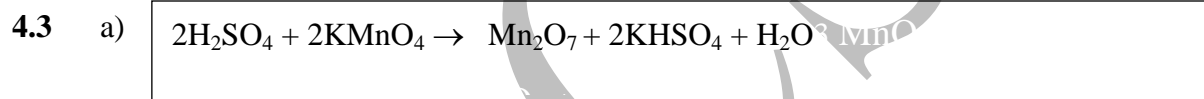
Chemistry of Potassium Permanganate



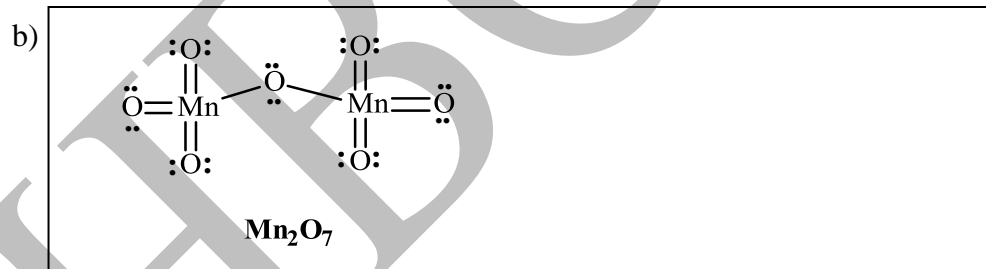
(1 mark)



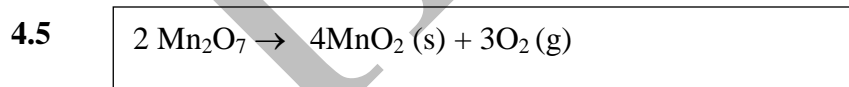
(2.5 marks)



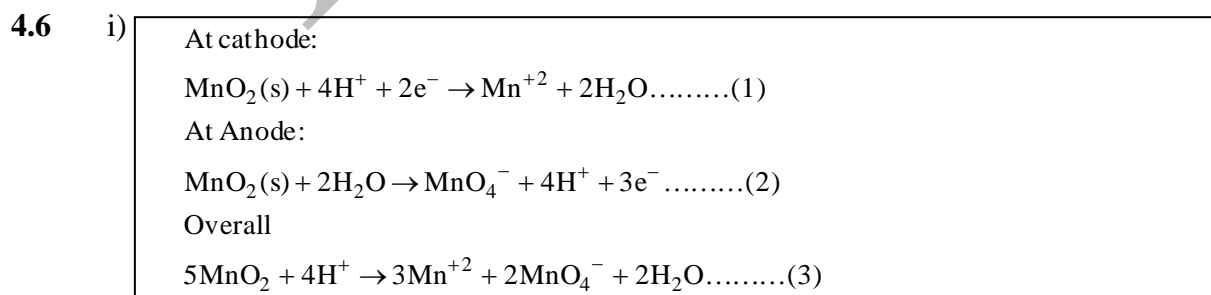
(1 mark)



(1 mark)



(0.5 mark)



(1.5 marks)

ii)

$$E_{\text{cathode}} = 1.230 \text{ V}$$

$$E_{\text{anode}} = 1.693 \text{ V}$$

$$E_{\text{overall}} = -0.463 \text{ V}$$

(3 marks)

iii)

$$K = 1.09 \times 10^{-47}$$

(1 mark)

4.7 0.425g of sample of 6%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  was weighed.

(3 marks)

4.8 i)  $E^\circ$

ii)  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$   $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3$

iii)  $\text{MnO}_4^{3-}$

iv)  $\text{Mn}$  and  $\text{MnO}_2$   $\text{Mn}^{3+}$  and  $\text{H}_3\text{MnO}_4$

v)  $\text{Mn}^0$  and  $\text{Mn(OH)}_2$

vi)  $\text{MnO}_2$

(4.5 marks)

4.9 i) a)  $\text{MnO}_2$  and  $\text{MnO}_4^-$

b)  $\text{Mn(OH)}_2$  and  $\text{Mn}$

ii) a)  $\text{MnO}_2$  and  $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3$

b)  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$

iii)  $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3$  and  $\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_4$

(5 marks)

Problem 5

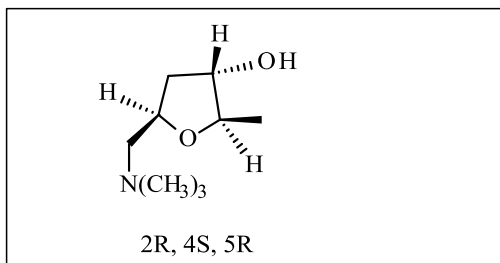
21 marks

Natural Nitrogen Compounds

- 5.1 a.  b.  c.

(1.5 marks)

5.2



(2 marks)

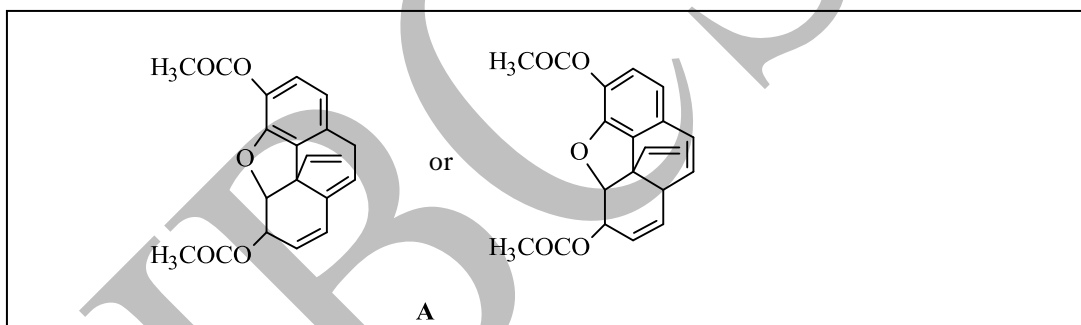
- 5.3 d) 6

(1 mark)

- 5.4 b) 2

(1 mark)

5.5

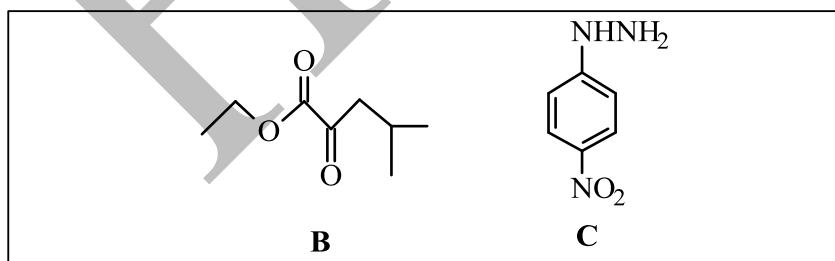


(2 marks)

- 5.6 b) 3

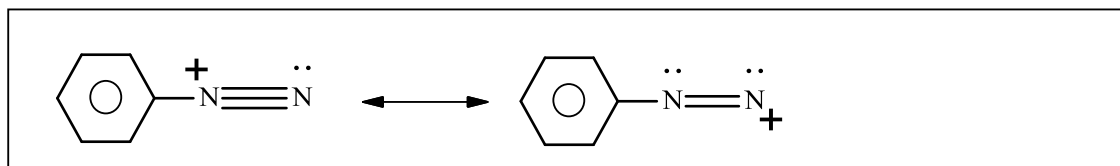
(1 mark)

5.7



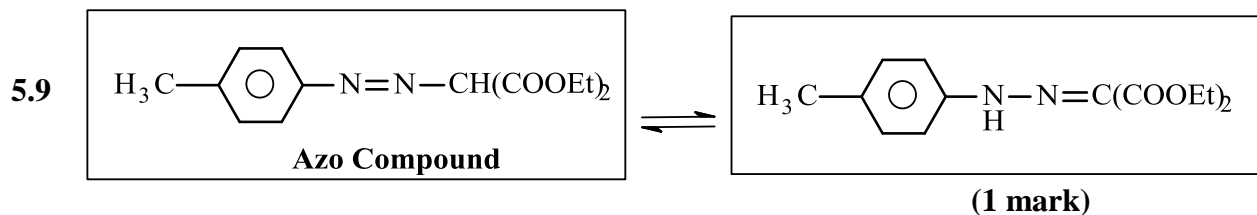
(1.5 marks)

5.8

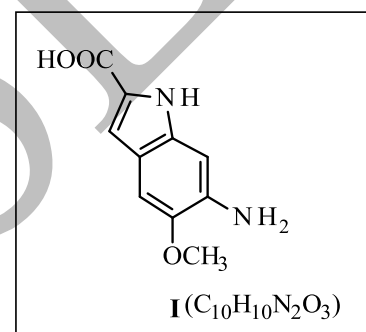
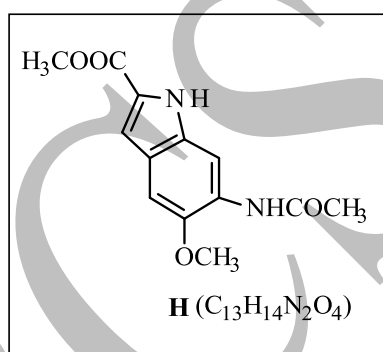
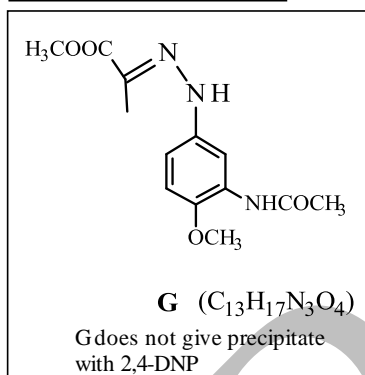
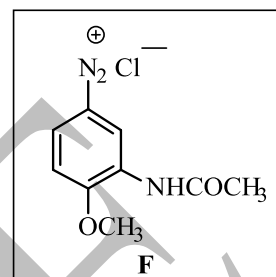
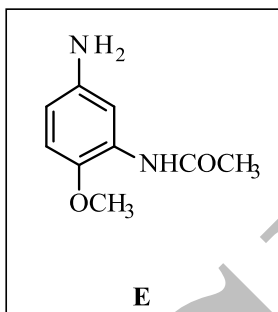
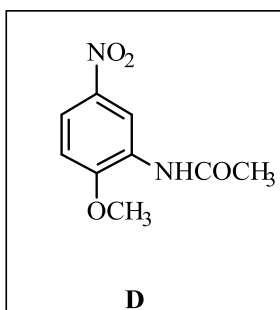


(1 mark)





5.10



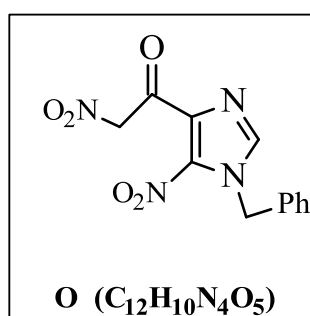
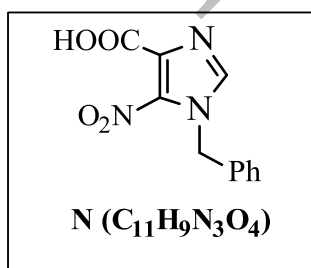
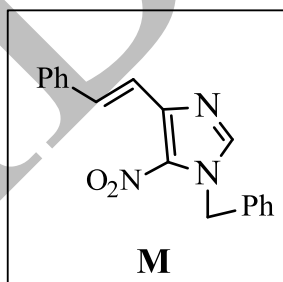
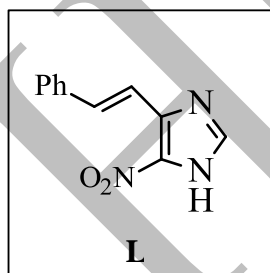
**(4.5 marks)**

**(0.5 mark)**

5.11



5.12



**(4 marks)**

## Problem 6

12 marks

## Beer-Lambert Law

A.

6.1 L absorbs at  $X_M = 0$       M absorbs at  $X_M = 1$

(1 mark)

6.2  $\epsilon_M = 1.33 \epsilon_L$

(2 marks)

6.3 What percentage of the incident light is transmitted through solutions when (i)  $X_M = 0.1$  and when (ii)  $X_L = 0.2$ ?

For  $X_M = 0.1$  : 50% has been transmitted  
For  $X_L = 0.2$  : 25.1% has been transmitted

(1.5 marks)

6.4 The composition of the complex is  $ML_3$

(2 marks)

B.

6.5  $C_1 = 5.825 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$   
 $C_2 = 1.56 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$

(1.5 marks)

6.6  $K_f = 1.764 \times 10^9$

(4 marks)